



A New NASA Technology Program for Risk Reduction of Space-Based Lidar Missions

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Pulsed Lidar Space Missions: The Status Quo

- Insufficient TRL advancement funds
- Award of science space mission
- Unforeseen technology problems
- Cost & schedule overruns



Pulsed Lidar Space Missions: History

| | | | |
|---------------|------|-------------------|-----------------|
| • Apollo 15 | 1971 | Ranging | Success |
| • MOLA | 1992 | Ranging | Spacecraft lost |
| • Clementine | 1994 | Ranging | Success |
| • LITE | 1994 | Profiling | Success |
| • Balkan | 1995 | Profiling | Success |
| • NEAR | 1996 | Ranging | Success |
| • SLA-01 | 1996 | Ranging | Success |
| • MOLA II | 1996 | Ranging | Success |
| • SLA-02 | 1997 | Ranging | Success |
| • MPL/DS2 | 1991 | Ranging | Spacecraft lost |
| • VCL | 2000 | Ranging | Cancelled |
| • SPARCLE | 2001 | Profiling | Cancelled |
| • Icesat/GLAS | 2002 | Ranging+Profiling | |
| • Calipso | 2004 | Profiling | |



Earth Science Independent Laser Review Panel

- Steven Alejandro, Air Force Research Laboratory, Chair
- Michael Hardesty, NOAA
- John Hicks, National Reconnaissance Office
- Dennis Killinger, U. of South Florida
- Marshall Lapp, DOE/Sandia National Laboratories

27 Nov. 2000 Report, Recommendations:

NASA should examine its current mechanism to bring high risk components to TRL levels necessary for a high probability of success prior to the proposal process

NASA should consider identification and intensive development of critical fundamental technology elements applicable to multiple missions

NASA needs to develop guidelines that define how basic laser technology development is carried out among the Centers and private vendors

A technology alliance should be formed among NASA, USAF, NOAA, NSF, and DOE for the development of space-based active sensors and related enabling technologies such as lasers



Integrated NASA Lidar Systems Strategy Team

GSFC/LaRC

- Robert Afzal, **Technology Advisor, Laser Remote Sensing Branch**
- Norm Barnes, **Technology Advisor, Laser Systems Branch**
- Bruce Gentry, **Science Advisor, Mesoscale Atmospheric Branch**
- **Bill Heaps, Co-Lead, Head, Laser and Electro-optics Branch**
- Syed Ismail, **Science Advisor, Chemistry and Dynamics Branch**
- **Upendra Singh, Co-Lead, Head, Electro-Optics and Controls Branch**

ESTO:

- Frank Peri, **Instrument Program Manager**

LaRC/GSFC Co-ordinators:

- Steve Sandford, **LaRC**
- Mary Kicza, **GSFC**

HQ Co-ordinator:

- Tom Magner, **NASA, HQ**



Integrated NASA Lidar Systems Strategy Team Report

Ghassem R. Asrar

Associate Administrator
Earth Science Enterprise

Samuel L. Venneri

Associate Administrator
Aerospace Technology Enterprise

Jeremiah F. Creedon

Director, NASA LaRC

Alphonso V. Diaz

Director, NASA GSFC

William S. Heaps and Upendra N. Singh

Co-Leaders

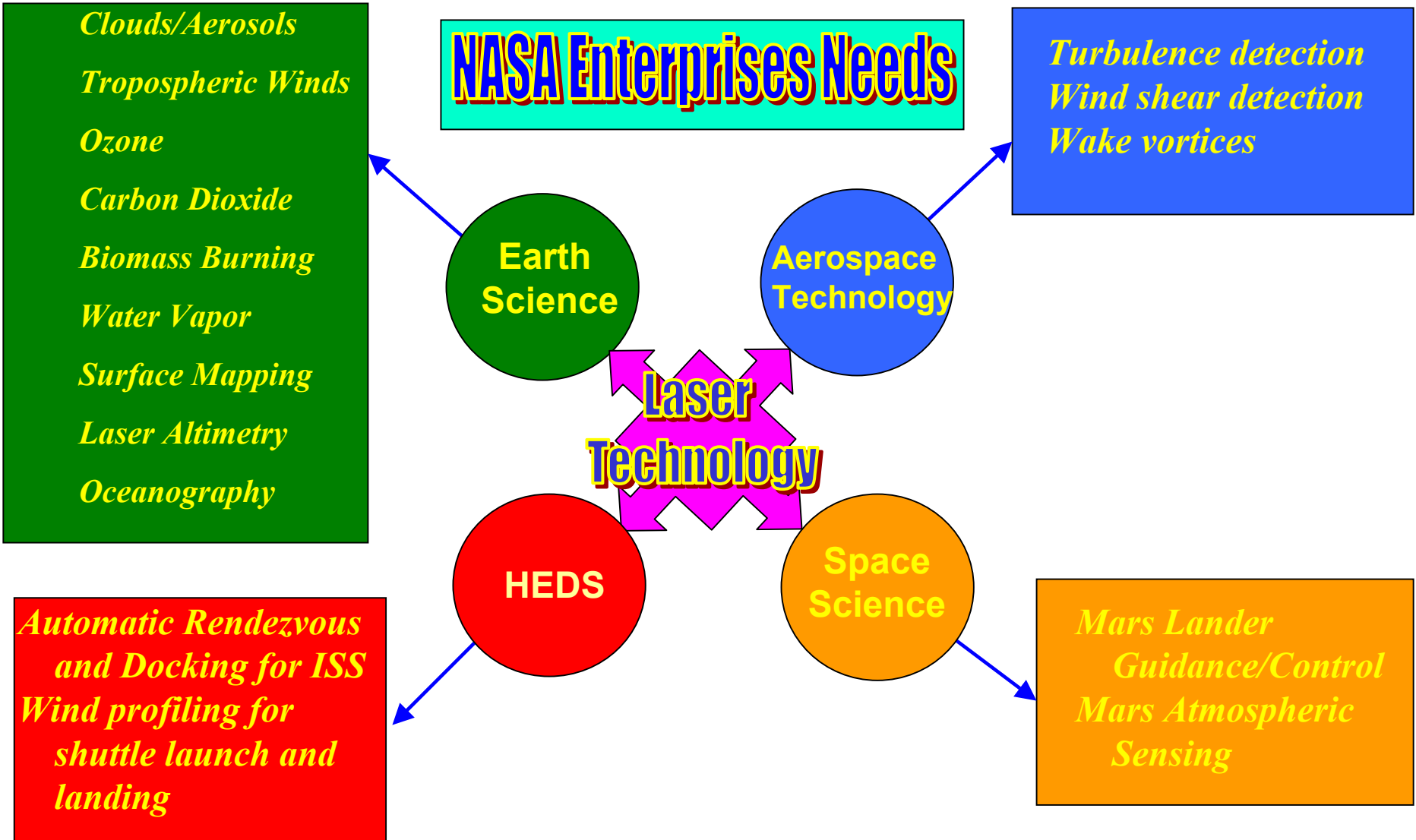
Integrated NASA Lidar Systems Strategy Team (INLSST)

June 18, 2001

*Presented to
Dan Goldin*



Lidar is a Multi-Enterprise Need





Earth Sciences Application Focus

2 Lasers, 4 Techniques, 6 Priority Measurements

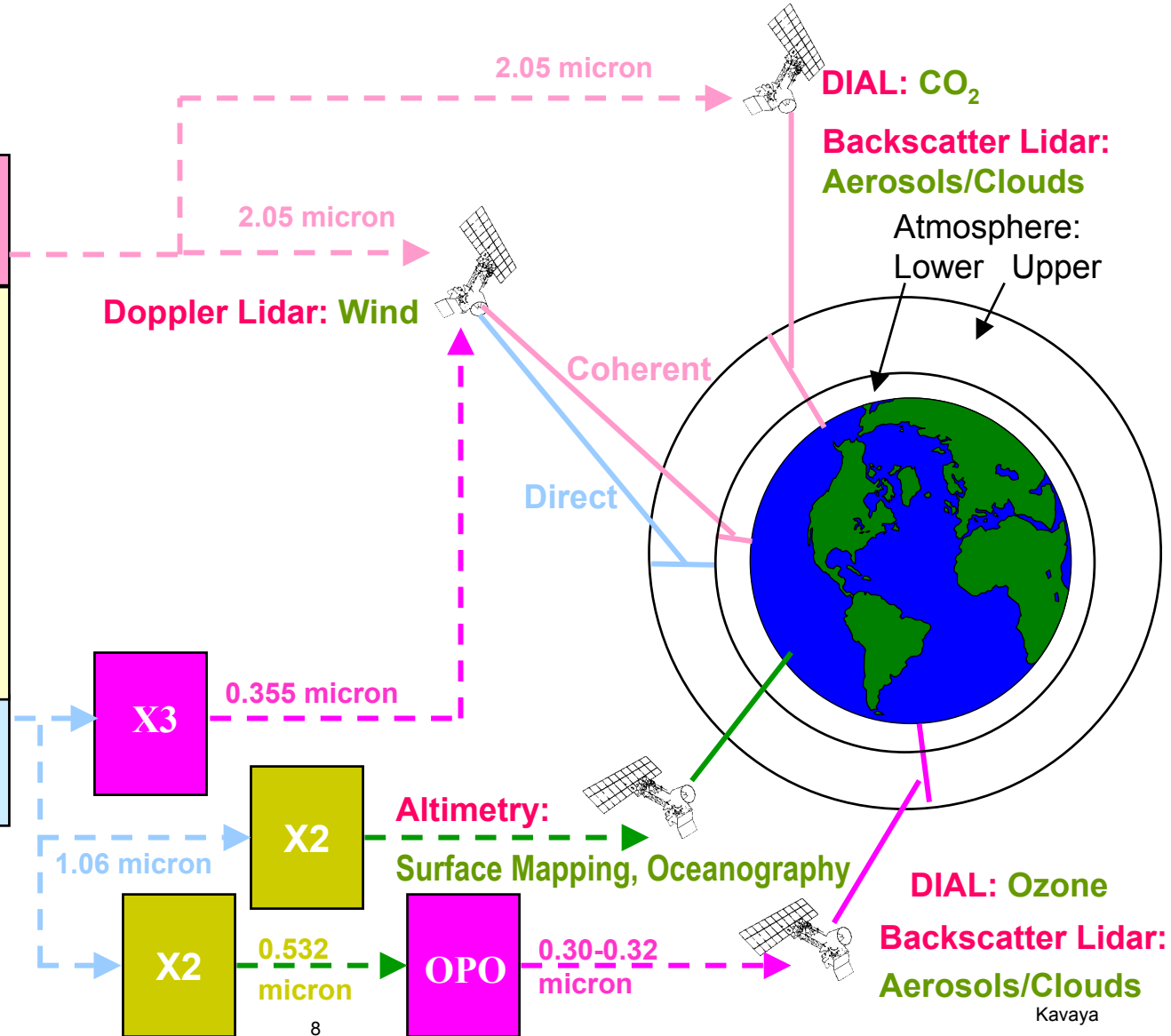
Pulsed Laser Development

2 MICRON

Key Technologies in Common

- Laser Diodes
- Laser Induced Damage
- Frequency Control
- Electrical Efficiency
- Heat Removal
- Ruggedness
- Lifetime
- Contamination Tolerance

1 MICRON





Recommendations

- **Establishing Space-hardened Laser Transmitter Test Beds (1 μm laser at GSFC & 2 μm at LaRC)**
- **Development and Qualifications of Space-based Laser Diode Arrays**
- **Advancing Wavelength Conversion Technology for Space-based Lidars**



Advanced Active Instrument Technology

Proposed Initiative for FY03

Code R



Advanced Active Instrument Technology

- **Major Program Elements**

- Space-hardened Advanced Laser Transmitter Technologies Test Beds
- Efficient, High-power, Conductive-cooled Space-hardened Laser Diode Arrays Technologies
- Non-linear Optical Parametric and Harmonic Generation Technologies
- **“Intelligent” Receivers, Tunable, Processing at the Focal Plane**
- **Life Prediction Methods**

- **Budgetary Resources (\$M)**

| FY 03 | FY 04 | FY 05 | FY 06 | FY 07 |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| 12.0 | 16.0 | 16.0 | 16.0 | 10.0 |



Status Of Proposal

- FY02 Code Y Start Money Approved
(\$4M, LaRC PI- U. Singh, GSFC PI- W. Heaps)
- FY02 Code R Start Money Approved
(\$2M to LaRC, \$2M to GSFC)
- Code R New Initiative Request was presented to OMB for New Line Approval for FY03 (\$70M for FY 03-07)



LaRC FY02 Laser Technology Program

Code-Y Laser Risk Reduction Program (LRRP)

2-Micron Laser
Transmitter

Laser Diodes

Wavelength
Conversion to
UV

Code-R Enabling Concepts and Technology Program (ECTP)



2-Micron Laser
Transmitter

Breadboard CO2 DIAL

Breadboard WIND Transmitter

2-um Detector Development

Receiver Subsystem

Wavelength Conversion to 3-9 um

Quantum Mechanical Modeling
and Advanced Materials

Code-Y and Code-R NRA Awards

2-Micron Laser
Transmitter

Code-Y ATIP

Multi-Use Lidar
Transmitter
3-9 um

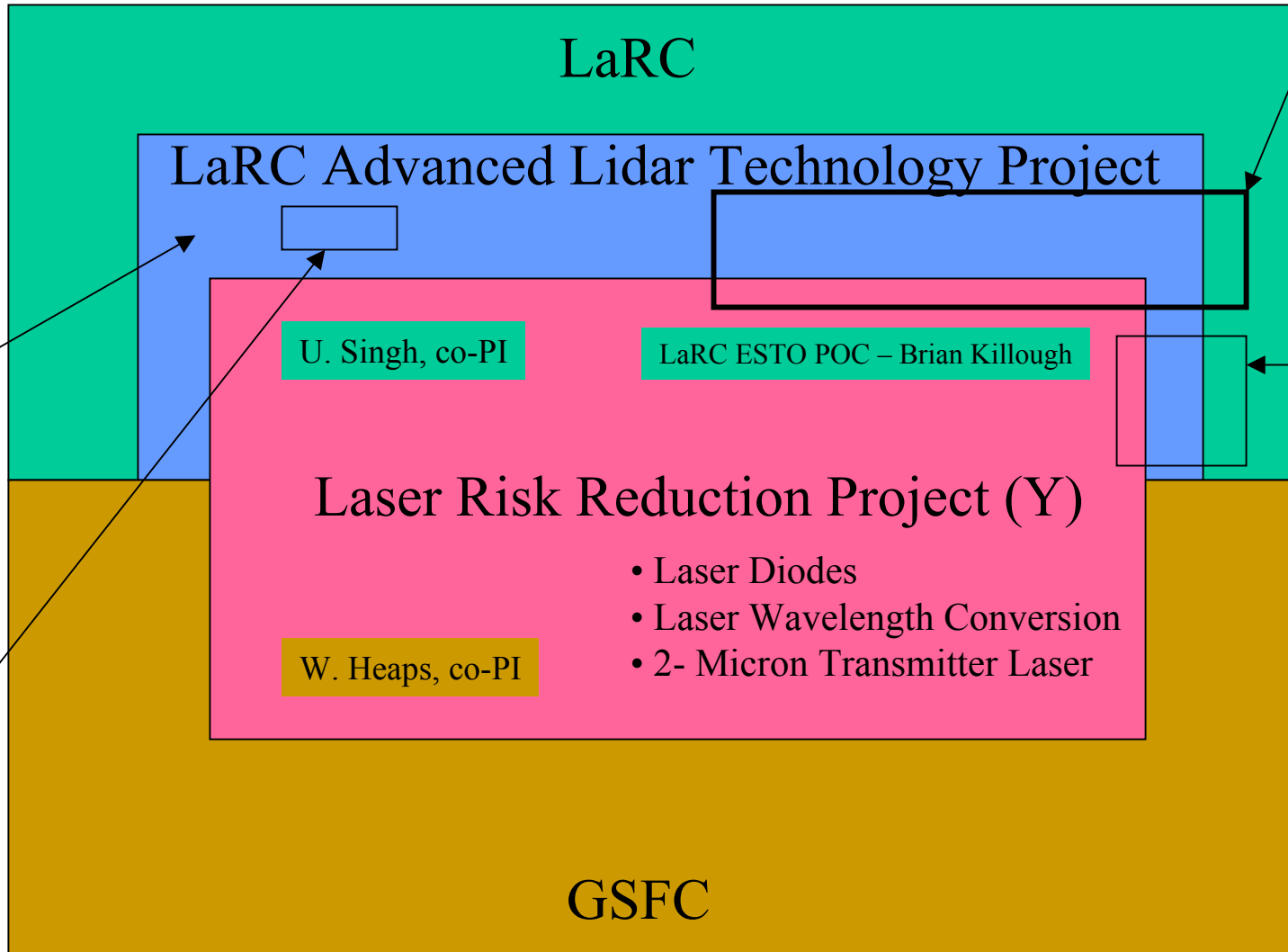
Code-R CETDP

Water Vapor
DIAL

Code-Y ATIP



Advanced Lidar Technology Project



Code R
 (Chief Technol.)
 Enabling
 Concepts &
 Technology
 Pgm. (ECTP)
 FY02
 Brantley Hanks

Code Y
 Existing LaRC
 Technology
 Projects

e.g.,
 detectors,
 telescope,
 scanner,
 trailer ops,
 aircraft ops,
 space demo

Code Y/IPO
 Existing Trailer
 Lidar Project

U. Singh, co-PI

LaRC ESTO POC – Brian Killough

W. Heaps, co-PI



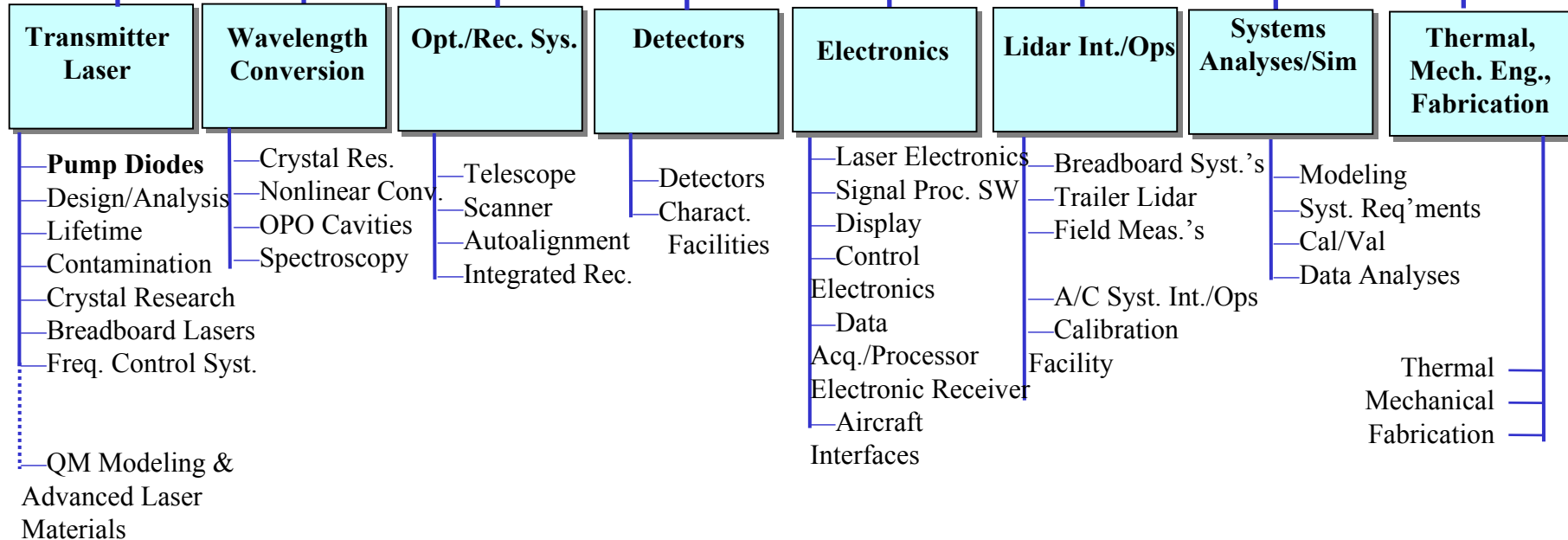
Advanced Lidar Technology Project

Project Manager

**Lidar Systems Engineer
Business Manager
Resource Analyst
ESTO/Code R Tech. Mgr.**

Laser Risk Reduction PI

**Science/Technology
Advisory Committee**





Conclusions

- Old way didn't work for lidar space missions
- Independent panel told NASA what to do
- NLSST (Singh/Heaps) developed implementation plan through teaming of LaRC and GSFC
- NASA managers liked plan
- Will NASA get the money to do it?
- Meanwhile, FY02 is funded to get started
- We have begun