

Aeolus: ESA's Wind Mission using UV LIDAR

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Content of the Presentation



- Aeolus in ESA Earth Observation Context
- Mission Objectives & Measurement Principle
- Status of the Project
- Remaining Activities to Launch
- Conclusions



ESA's Earth Observing Satellite Fleet





Aeolus Mission Objectives

Scientific objectives

- To improve the quality of weather forecasts;
- To advance our understanding of atmospheric dynamics and climate processes;

Explorer objectives

 Demonstrate space-based Doppler Wind LIDARs potential for operational use.

Observation means:

 Provide global measurements of horizontal wind profiles in the troposphere and lower stratosphere

Payload

 ALADIN: Atmospheric LAser Doppler INstrument

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Impact of Observation Types on Weather Forecast





Courtesy, L.P. Riishojgaard

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Mission Design



Flight direction



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European Space Agency

1 observation

Aeolus: Measurement Principle





- Direct detection UV Doppler wind Lidar operating at 355 nm and 50 Hz PRF in <u>continuous mode</u>, with 2 receiver channels.
- Mie receiver to determine winds from aerosol & cloud backscatter.
- Rayleigh receiver to determine winds from molecular backscatter.
- The line-of-sight is pointing 35° from Nadir to obtain horizontal backscatter component
- The line-of-sight is pointing orthogonal to the ground track velocity vector to remove contribution from the satellite velocity.

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Aeolus measurement principle (3/3)





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ALADIN: Overall Architecture (1/2)









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ALADIN: Overall Architecture (2/2)





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Data Acquisition and Distribution





ALADIN Delivered: August 2016







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ALADIN Mated with Platform





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Aeolus fully integrated







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Aeolus in mechanical and EMC test





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Aladin Optical Stimuli and Monitoring System





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Aeolus in Thermal Vacuum Configuration





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Aeolus in Thermal Vacuum Preparations







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Aeolus in Thermal Vacuum Chamber









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Aeolus exiting Thermal Vacuum Chamber







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Laser Performance in TVAC





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Latest Performance Predictions: Random errors 320 km orbit, 80 mJ setting





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Remaining Activities and Planning





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Conclusions

- More than 12 years of development \checkmark challenges
- Invaluable experience has been \checkmark gained
- ✓ Laser and LIDAR modifications are very time consuming
- ✓ The mission remains worldwide unique
- Enthusiastic user communities anticipating break-through in weather forecast and climate research
- The Project and the Industrial team \checkmark committed to complete Aeolus by November (QAR) and be ready for launch in August 2018!







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Launch from Kourou



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ESA's Launch Centre (CSG), Kourou, French Guiana



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"The real voyage of discovery consists not in seeking new landscapes, but in having new eyes." Marcel Proust

Thank you for your attention

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