



AMS Hardware Updates, Tips and Tricks

Bill Brooks, Ed Fortner, John Jayne
AMS User's Meeting 2013
9/8/13

AMS Maintenance Tips

- Clean vacuum chamber surface
- Check for loose/missing connections/fasteners
- Check for stressed cables
- Always monitor pump performance
- Always monitor MD1/Lens pressures (load/no load)
- Clean cooling fan filters
- Dirt inside computer
- “*Dirt*” on computer HD (clean up and defrag)

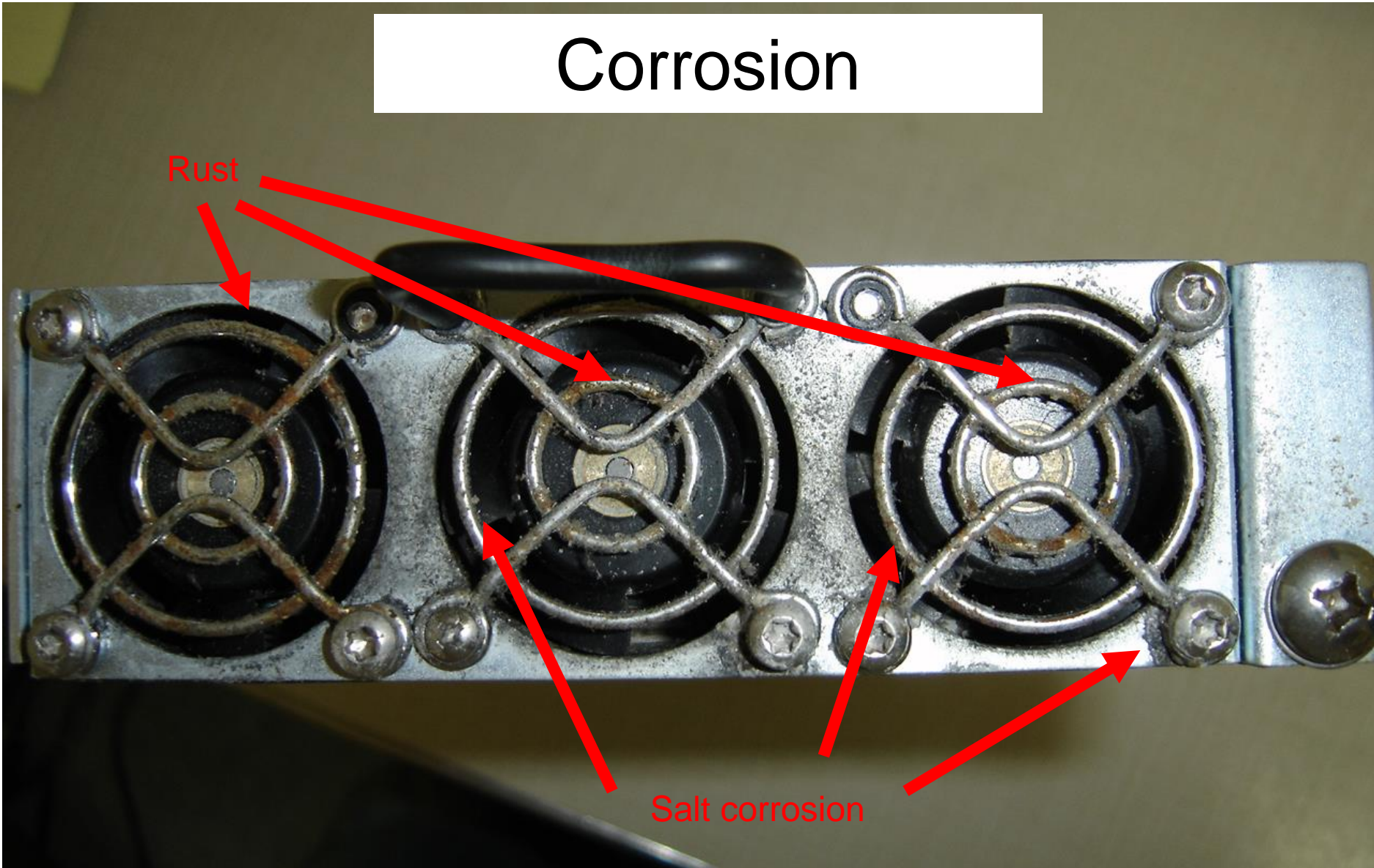
Corrosion



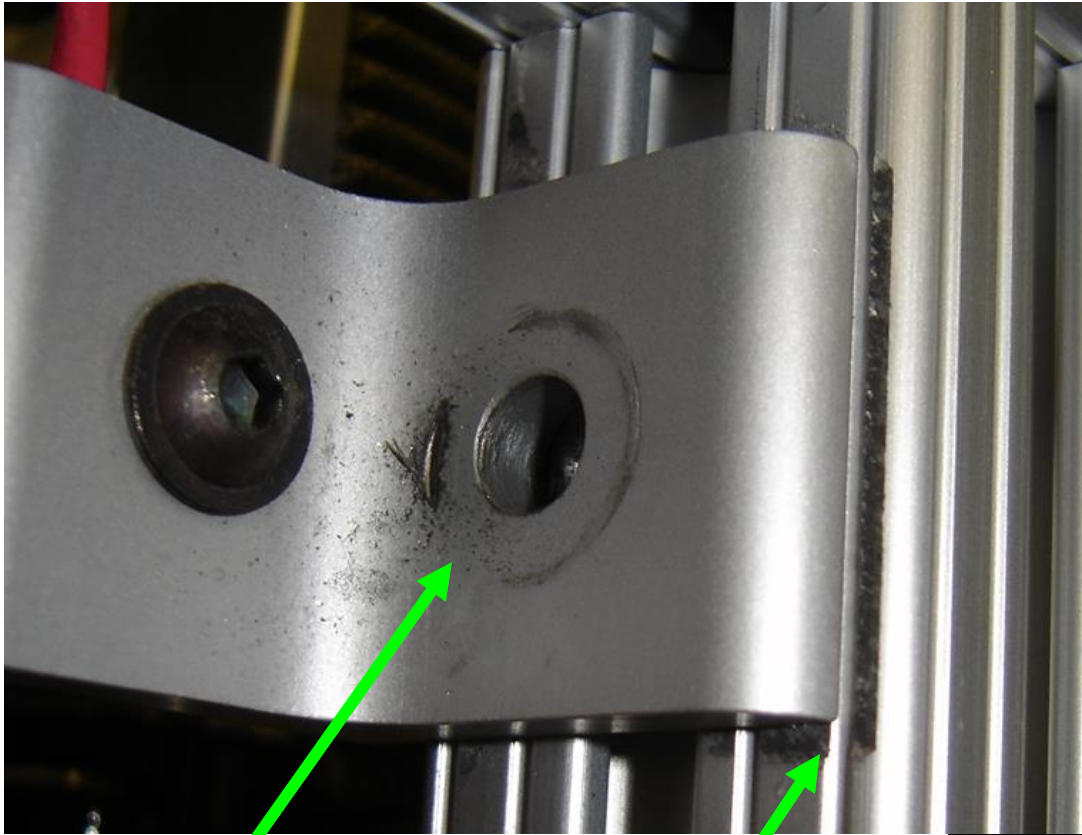
Corrosion

Rust

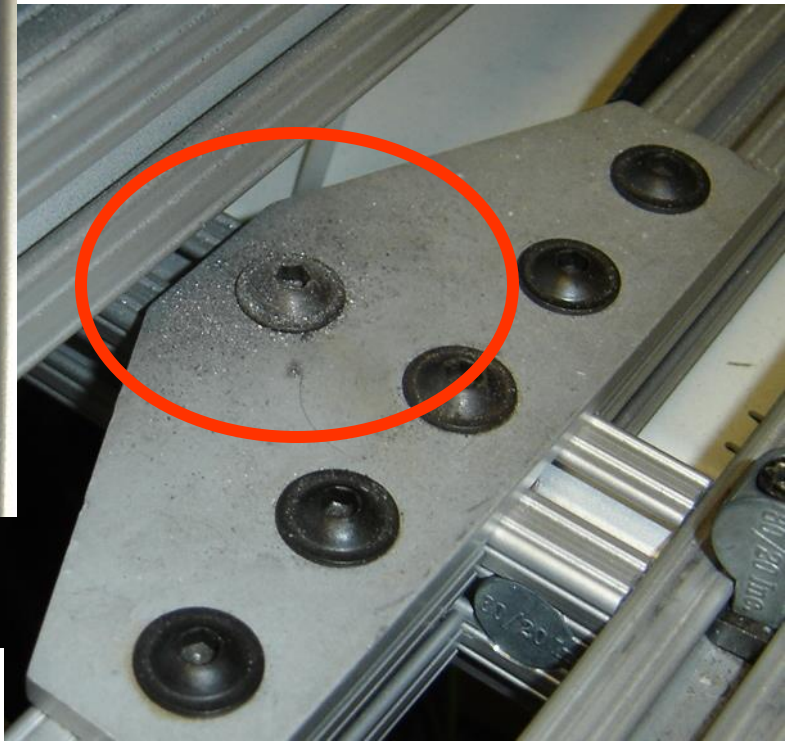
Salt corrosion



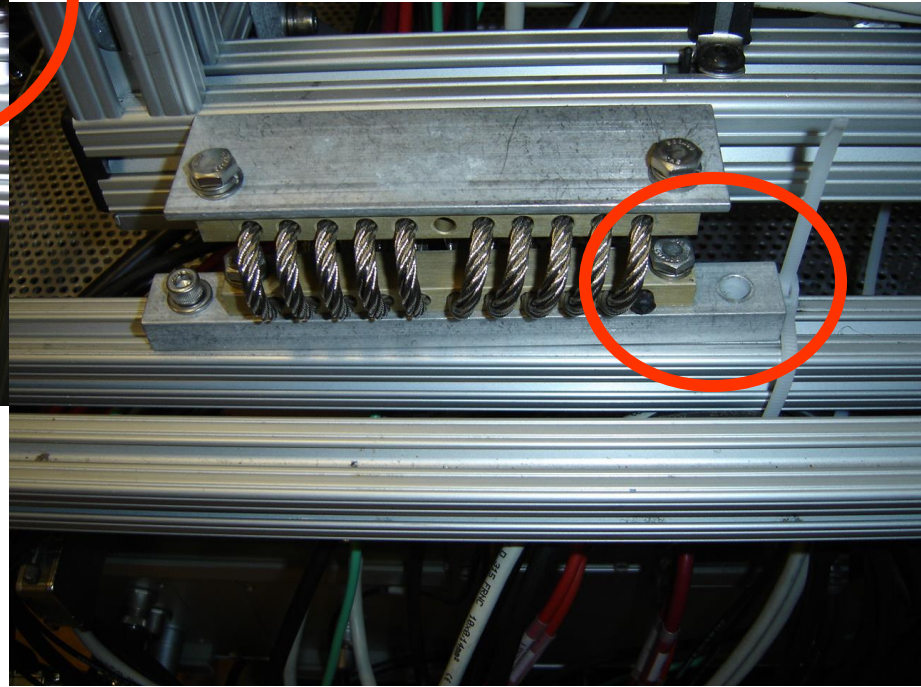
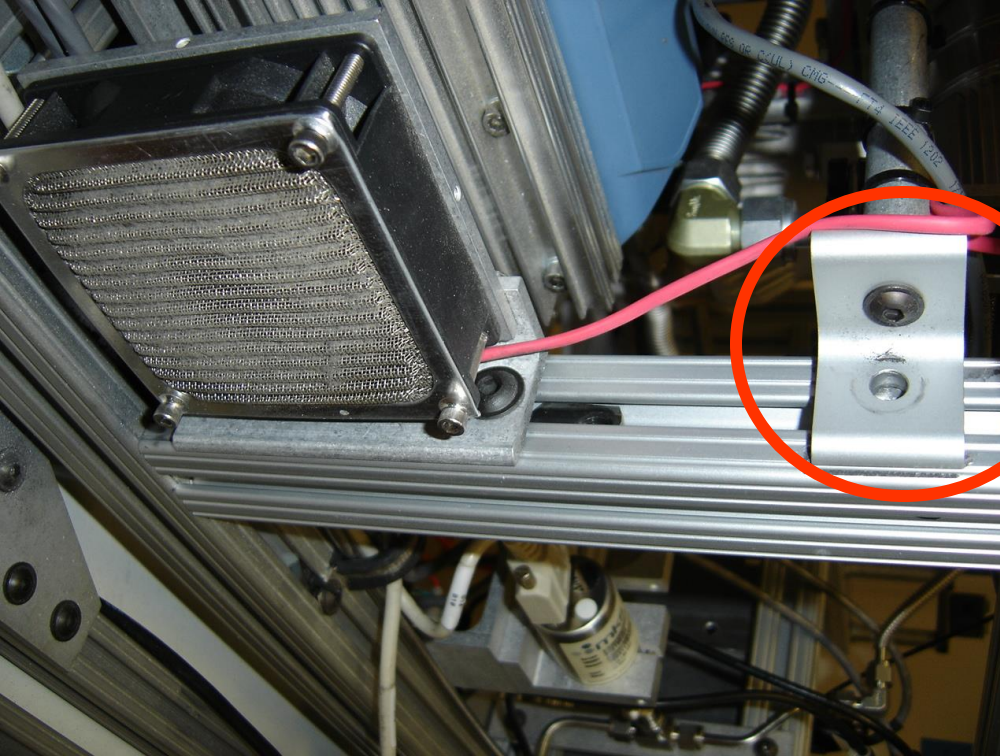
Missing fasteners



Aluminum dust

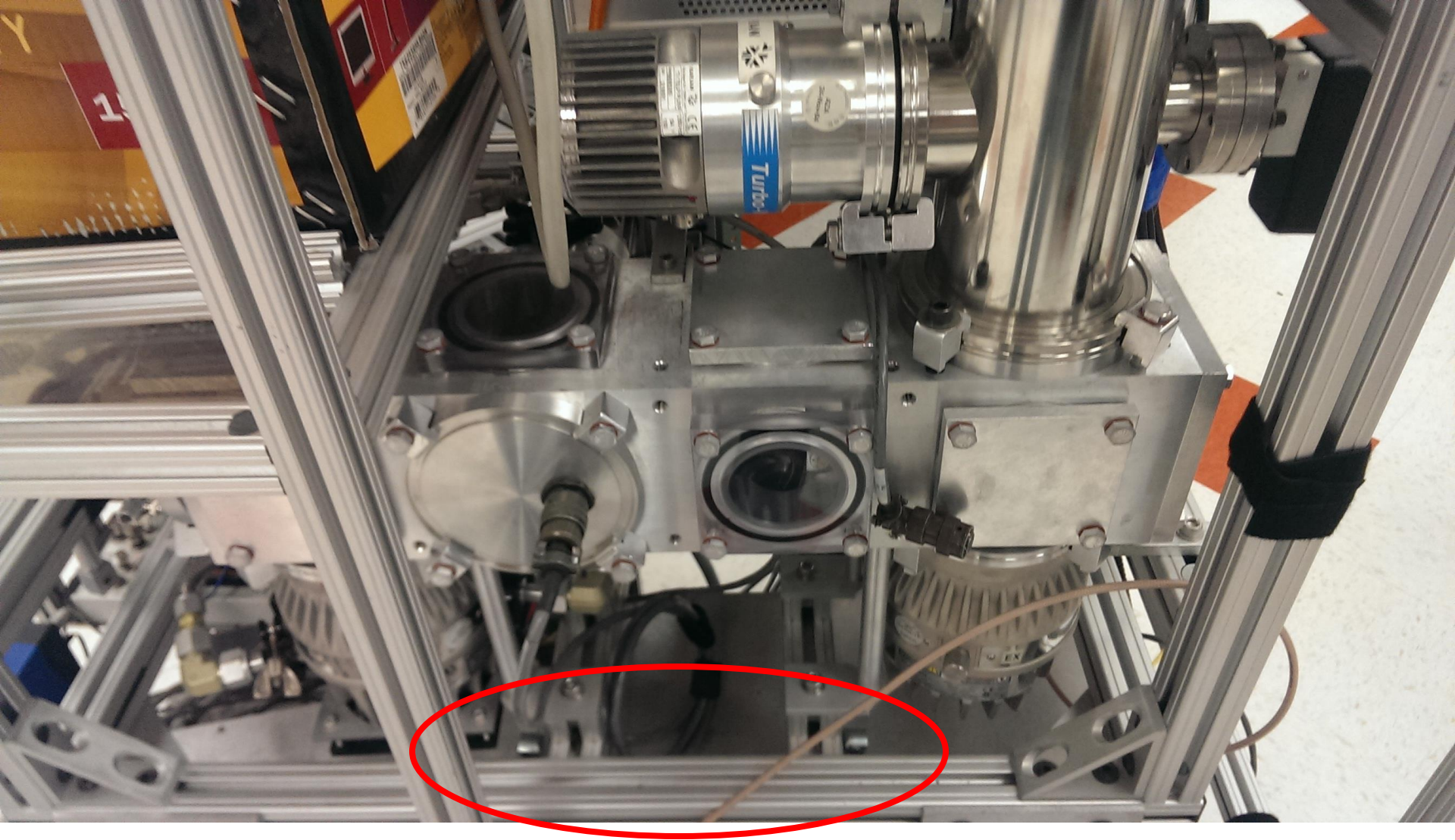


Missing fastener, chaffing metal

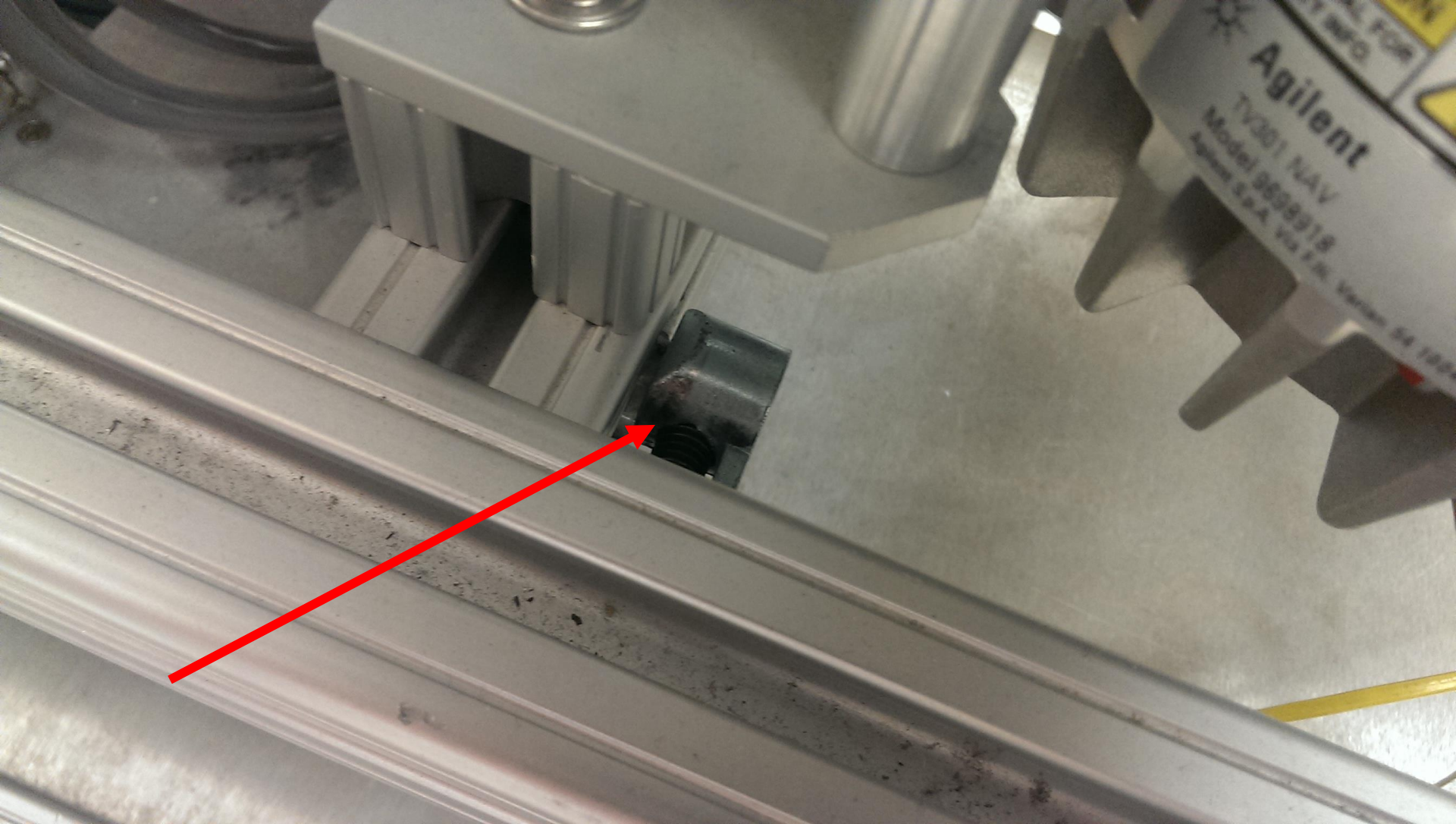


Tighten all fasteners.

This includes Chamber, Electronics, and 80/20 Frame.



What is wrong with this picture??



*Every Bolt should be tight,
Especially when shipping!*

Dust Removal



Dust and Electronics are mortal enemies!

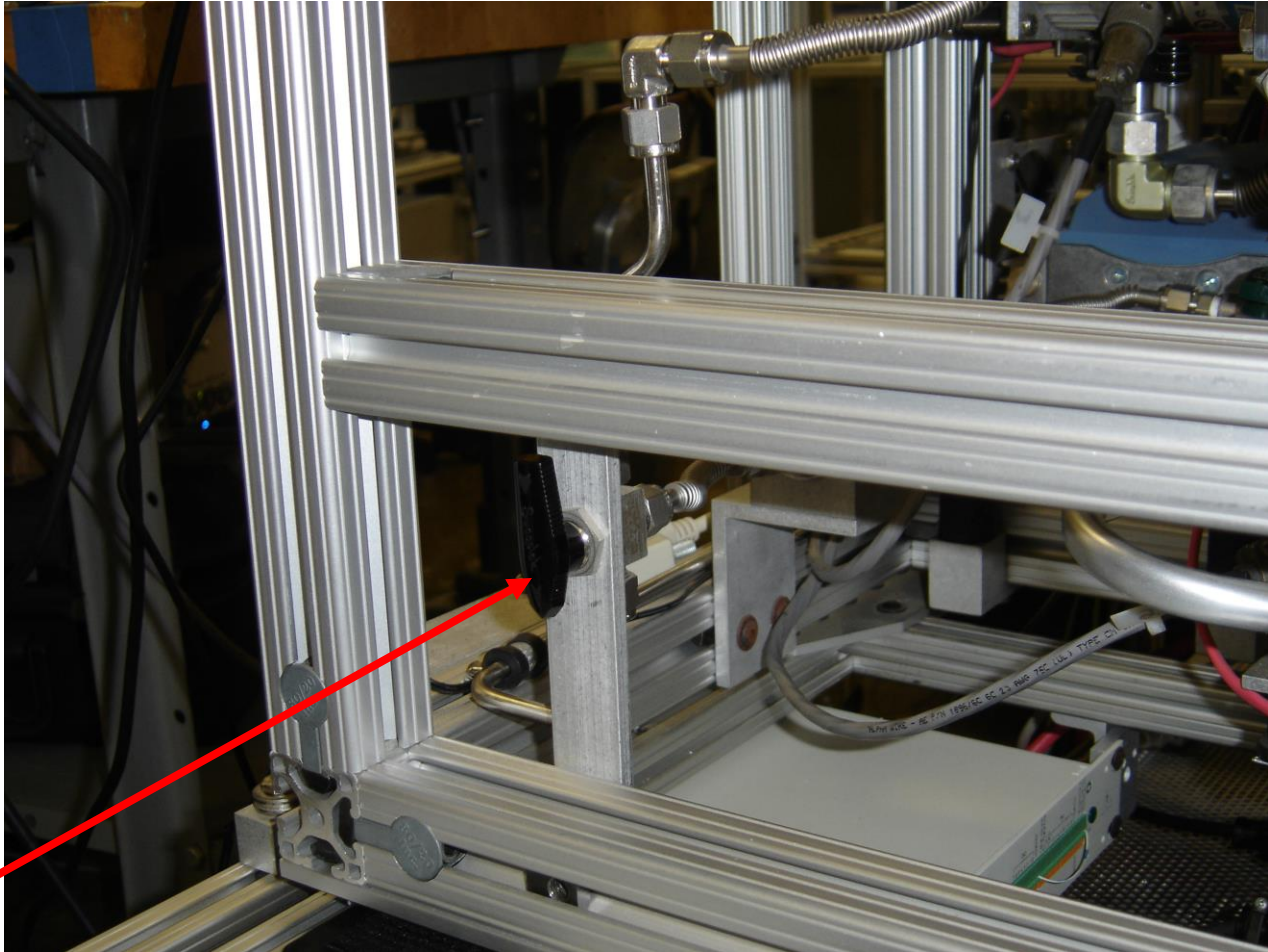
Inspect Shipping Container



Fork Lift
Damage



Don't leave instrument in the shipping container



Typical Pressures (Torr)

| | No Load | Load |
|------|---------|------|
| MD1 | ~1.5 | ~4.0 |
| Lens | ~0.00 | ~1.3 |

Know what they are on your specific AMS,
so you can note any changes.

What are the operating currents for all pumps?

| | Gas Load Off (mA) | Gas Load On (mA) | Delta T* (Degrees C) (Closed/Open) |
|----|----------------------|---------------------|--|
| P2 | ~ 450 | ~ 850 | 9/13.3 |
| P3 | ~ 250 | ~ 300 | 9/9.3 |
| P4 | ~ 200 | ~ 250 | 6/5.9 |
| P5 | < 200 | < 200 | 6.2/6.5 |
| P6 | ~ 200 | ~ 200 | 9.6/9.6 |

*Delta T = Pump Temp – Ambient Temp

Record Pump Data with Pump Control Software

Pump Speeds

| | Speed (Hz) |
|----|------------|
| P2 | 963 |
| P3 | 1250 |
| P4 | 1100 |
| P5 | 963 |
| P6 | 1150 |

Leak Checking Tricks



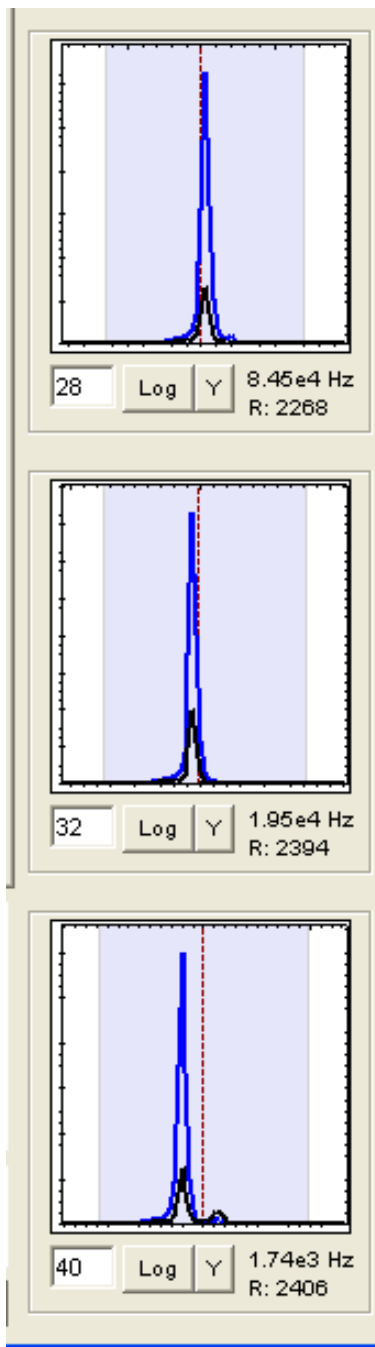
Aerodyne Research Inc.



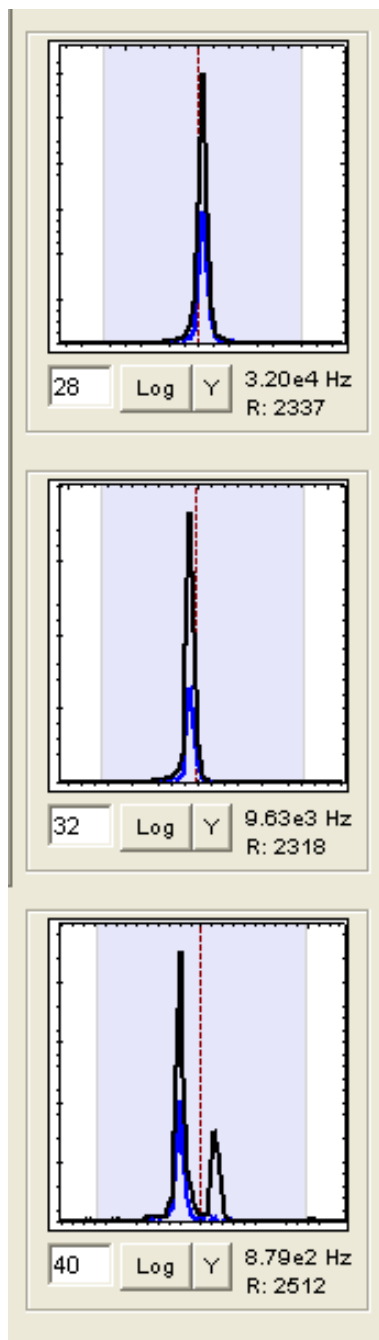


Aerodyne Research Inc.

Normal



Leak



If the Airbeam (m/z 28,32,40) has a diff/closed ratio of < 2 you probably have a leak.

Note: Incorrect chopper servo alignment can also cause these symptoms.



Aerodyne Research Inc.

One can further get a clue as to where the leak is by *carefully* looking at your **closed** and **difference** Airbeam.

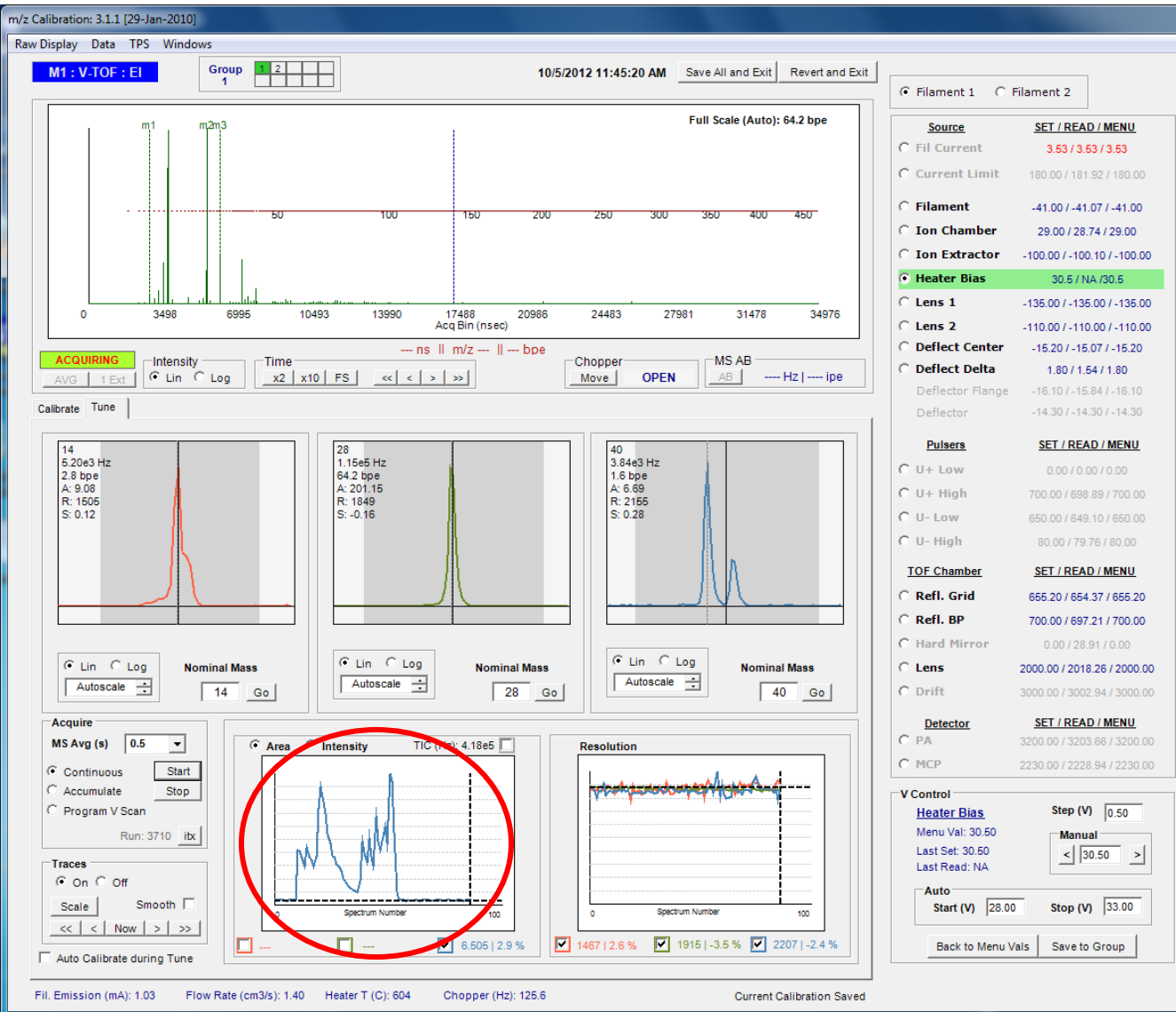
If the leak is in the PToF region, the **difference** Airbeam will be attenuated and the **closed** AB will not be changed too much from normal.

If it's in the detection region, the **difference** AB will be about the same as normal, but the **closed** air signal will have an elevated background.

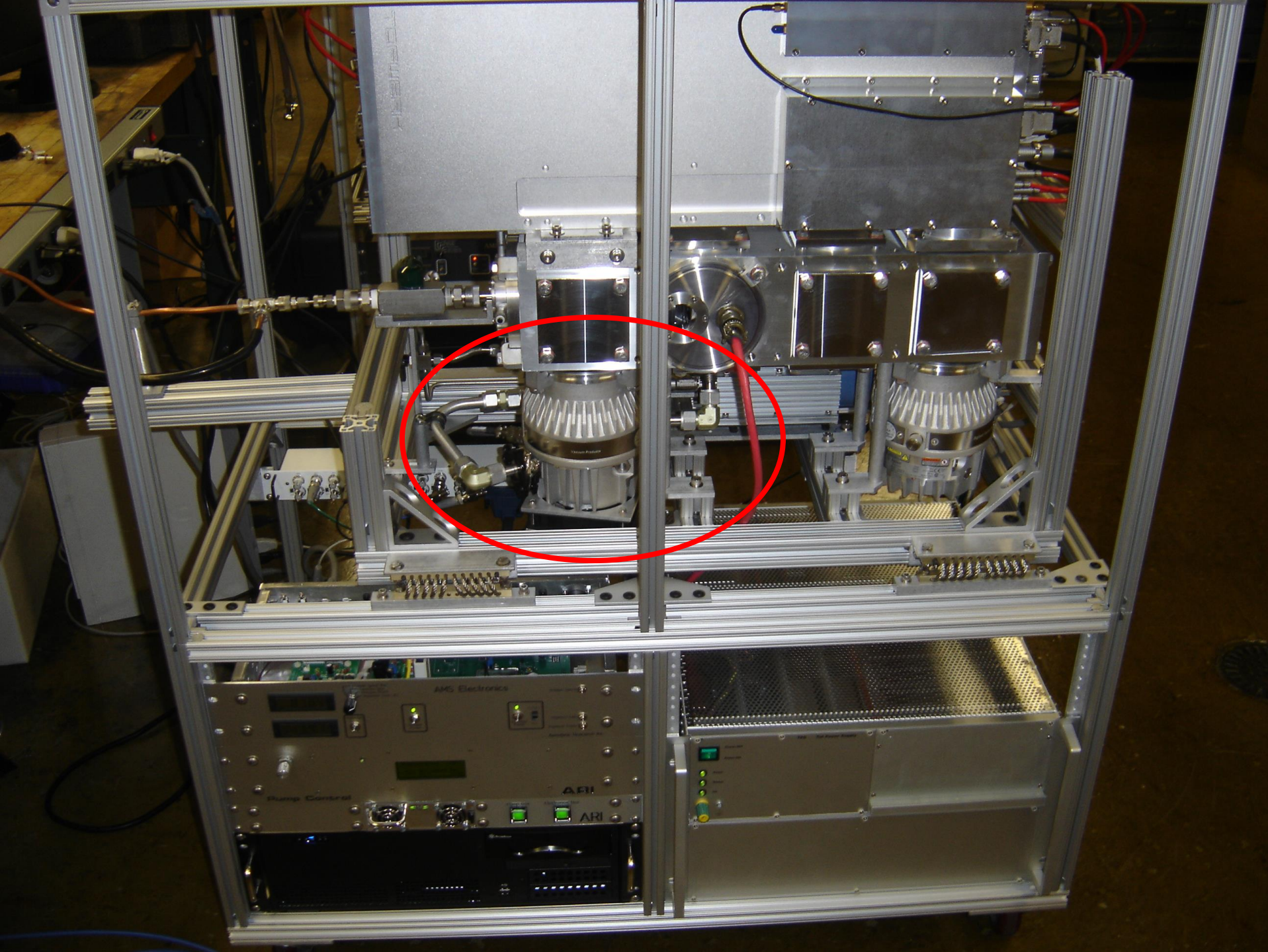
Using ToF as Leak Checker



Aerodyne Research Inc.

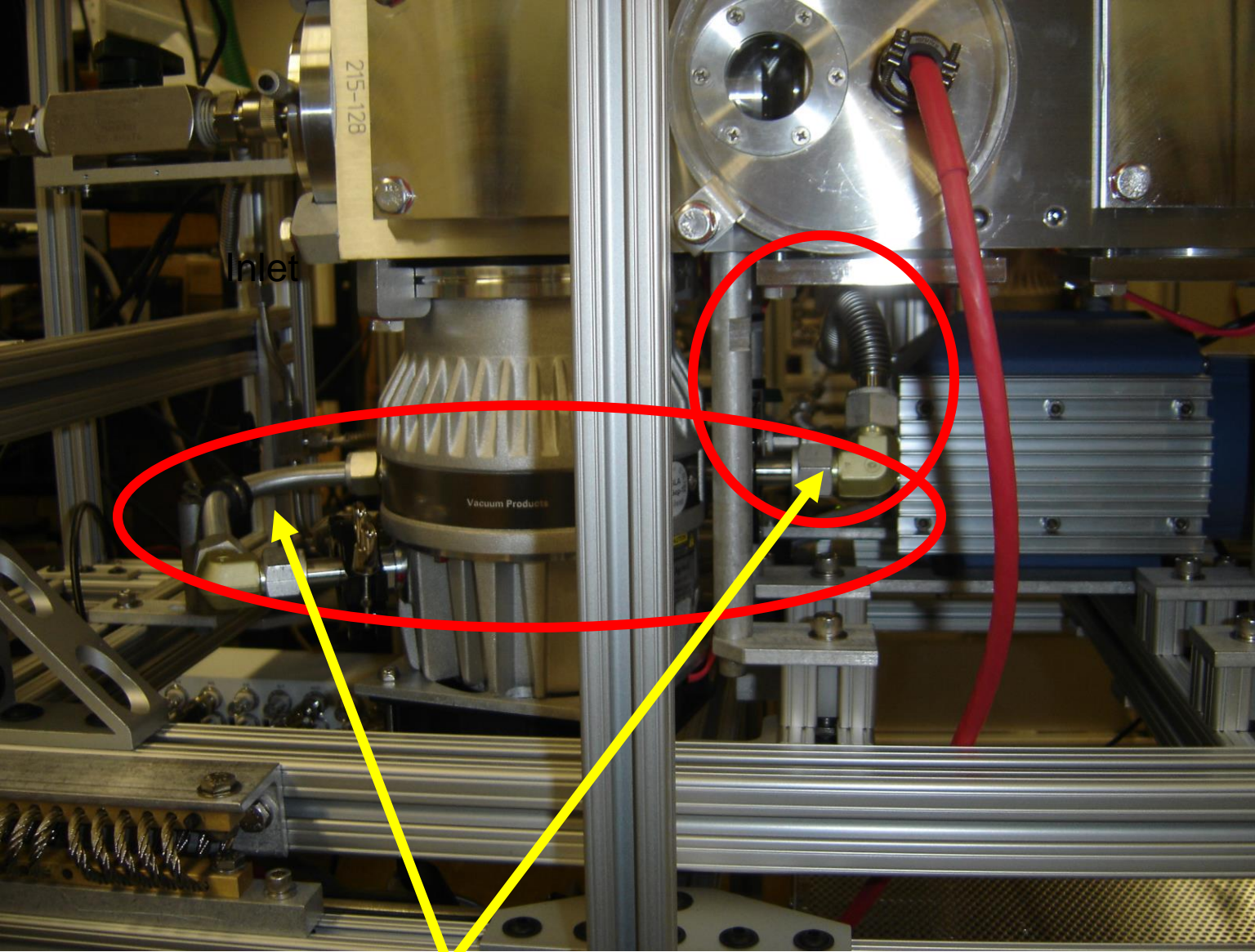


- He or Ar are good choices.
- Using He may require a change in the timing window.
- Use controlled bursts of gas, don't "flood" system.
- Depending on where the leak is, may need to wait several seconds for a response.





Aerodyne Research Inc.



Doesn't work as well here... But leaks here will cause a higher Backing Pressure

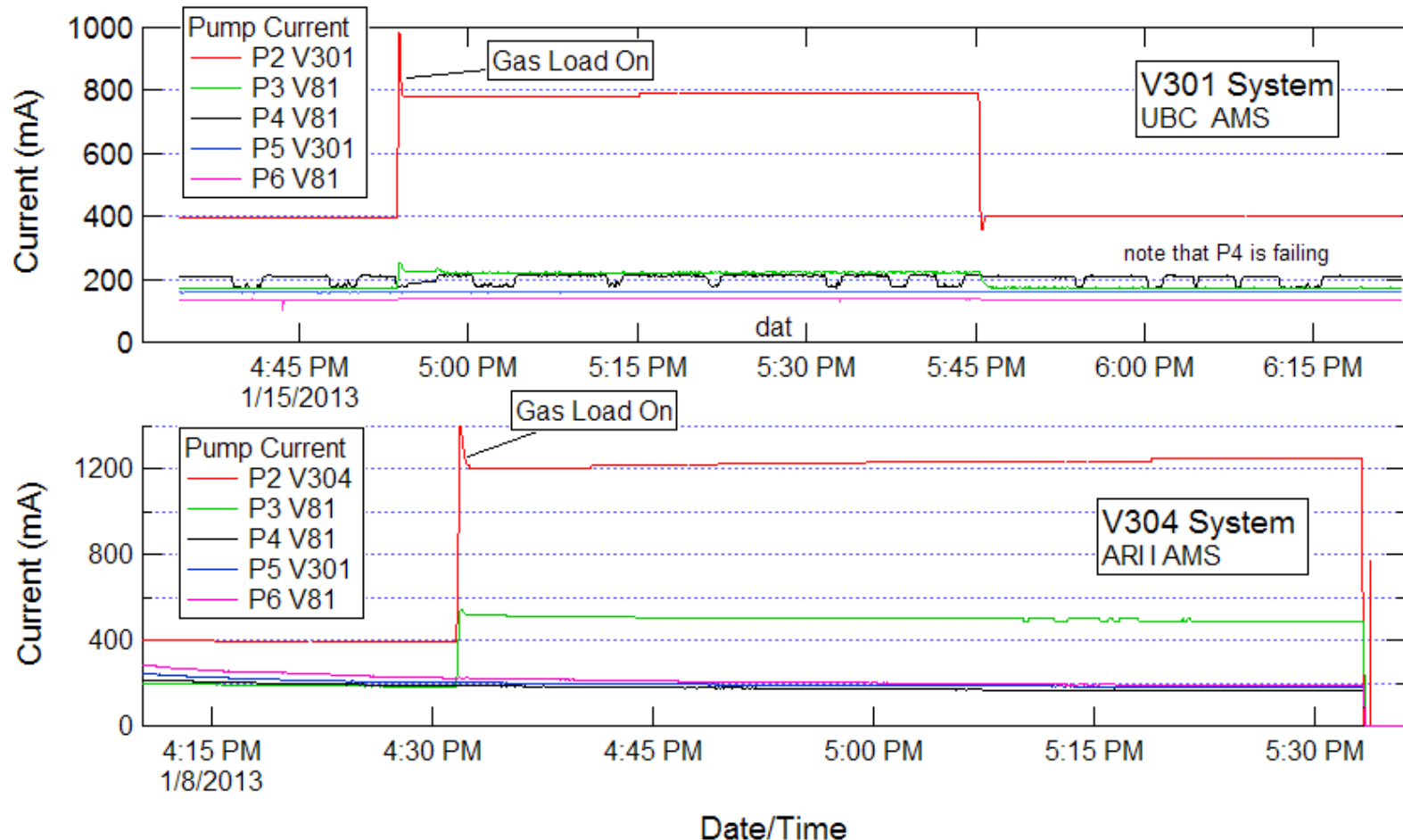
Consult Pump Currents, Lens and Backing Pressures to get a clue of where to look

Agilent Pump Updates

- V304 not a good fit for AMS
- V84 to be tested in Oct.
- V301 “obsolescence”
- New AMS’s to continue to use V301
- Support longer than 7 years likely
- New online RMA system starting ~Nov 2013
- Working with Agilent to potentially keep a supply of exchange pumps in Lexington, MA specifically for AMS users

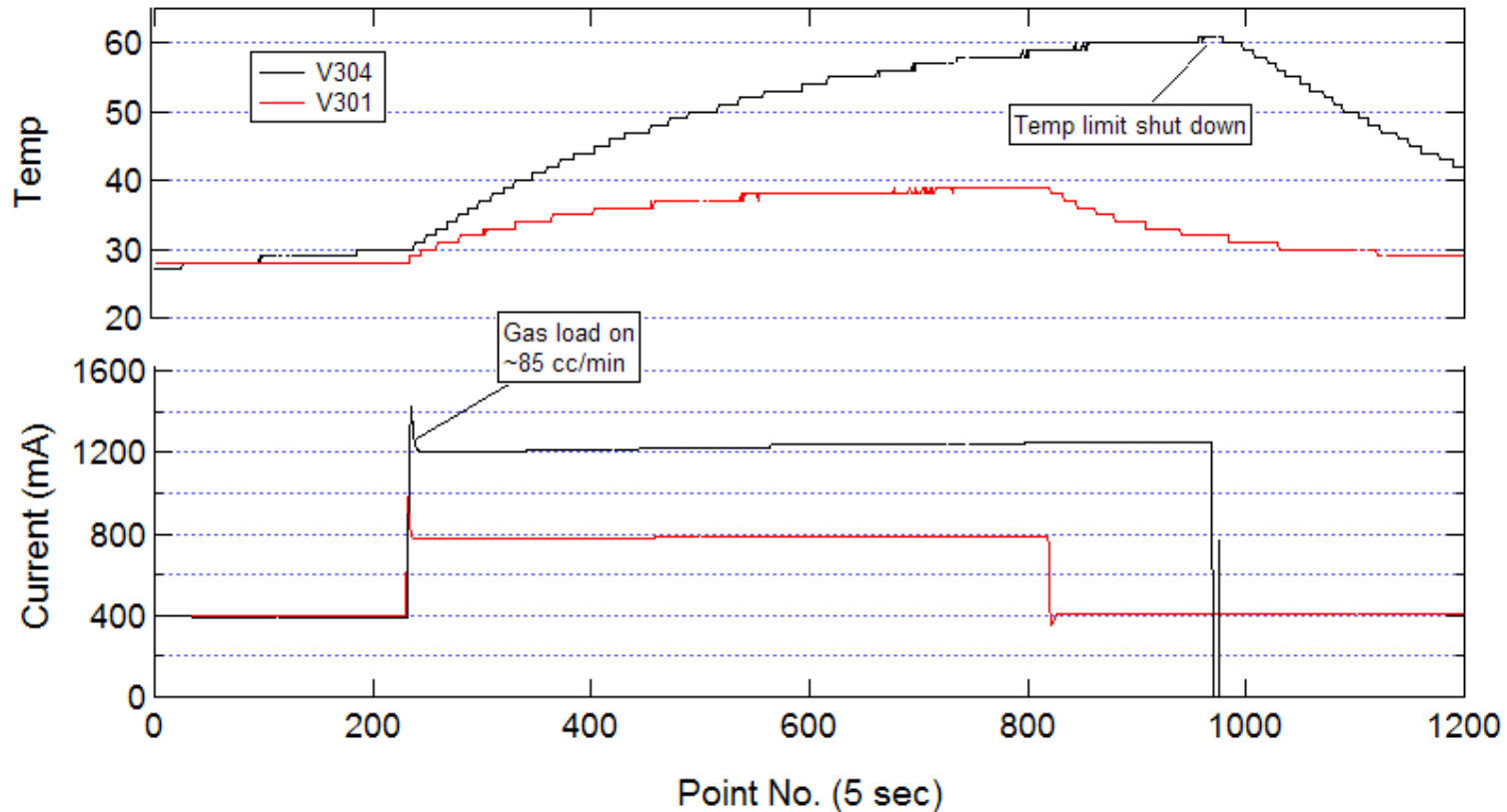
Compares V301 System to V304 System

Data for all pumps is shown (85 cc/min gas load)



V304 running at 50% higher load than V301.
P3 also running ~50% higher.

Compares V301 and V304
mounted on AMS at P2 position
as load is turned on



V304 ultimately shut down due to 60C temperature limit

Bench Tests Comparing V304 and V301

| | V304 | V301 |
|---------|---------------|---------------|
| No Load | 0.22A/ 16W | 0.25A/ 18W |
| Load | 0.95A/ 69W | 0.79A/ 58W |

- Each pump was run independently on the bench with and without the nominal gas load (85 cc/min air). The backing pump was a turbo drag pump, ~0.1 - 0.2 torr pressure.
- This testing did not have gas entering the vent port as we do in our instrument application.
- Pump was powered using the AC powered V301 controller.

Pump Comparison Summary

- Under no load, the V301 and V304 perform comparably.
- With load (85 cc/min) the V304 consumes higher power and ultimately shuts down after exceeding the max bearing temperature limit.
- The use of the vent port as a pumping port puts a larger burden on the V304 compared to the V301.
- Bench tests also show V304 consumes more current than V301. These tests had no gas leak into the vent stage.
- For our application the V304 does not look like it will be a suitable replacement for the V301.

Other comments:

There is no “seat” at the inlet of the V304 top accommodate the standard inlet screen.

