

NESDIS Update

International Working Group on
Space-based Lidar Winds

May 13, 2014

NOAA Strategic Goals

Climate Adaptation and Mitigation



Weather Ready Nation

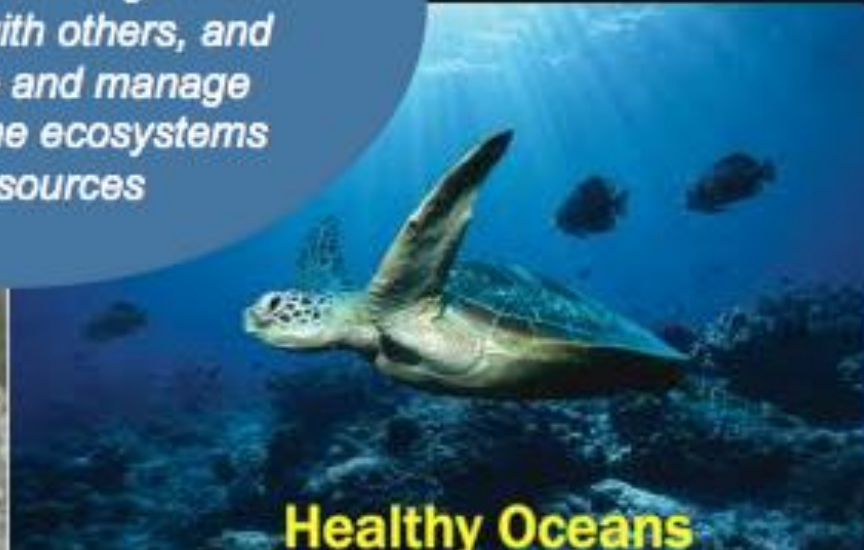


To understand and predict changes in climate, weather, oceans, and coasts. To share that knowledge and information with others, and To conserve and manage coastal marine ecosystems and resources

Resilient Coastal Communities and Economies



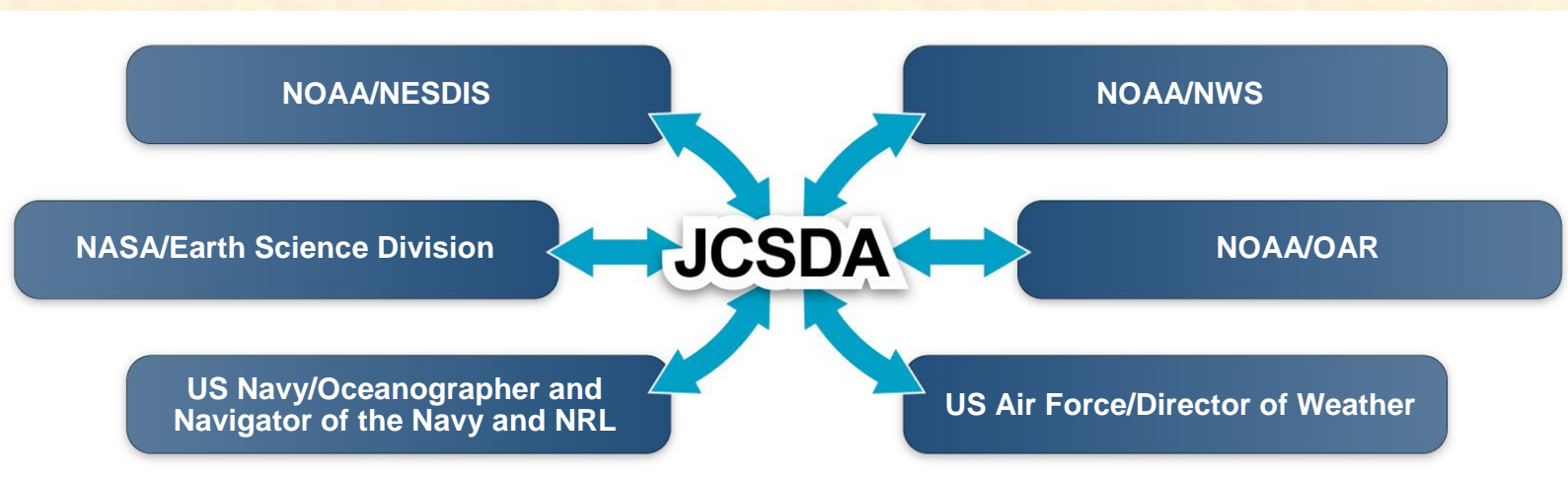
Healthy Oceans





U.S. Joint Center for Satellite Data Assimilation (JCSDA)

The JCSDA was established in 2001 to improve and accelerate the use of research and operational satellite data in numerical weather, ocean, and climate analysis and prediction.



The goal of the JCSDA is to contribute to the forecast skill of the operational NWP systems of the JCSDA partners by assimilating the satellite observations in the most effective way

JPSS and GOES-R Satellite Proving Ground and Risk Reduction

- Proving Ground
 - Demonstration and utilization of data products by the end-user operational unit, such as a NWS Weather Forecast Office or Modeling Center.
 - Promotes outreach and coordination of new products with the end users, incorporating their feedback for product improvements
- Risk Reduction
 - Development of new research and applications to maximize the benefits of JPSS and GOES-R satellite data
 - Encourages fusion of data/information from multiple satellite (including research satellites), models and in-situ data

Ongoing NOAA Efforts to Improve Weather Forecast Capabilities

Numerical Weather Prediction (NWP) priorities for the Global Observing System

- Operational:
 - Joint Polar Satellite System (JPSS)
 - Next-generation Geostationary Operational Satellite System (GOES-R)
- Research
 - Global Precipitation Mission (GPM)
 - Soil Moisture Active / Passive (SMAP)
 - Synthetic Aperture Radar (SAR)
 - Other missions
- Improving use of JPSS and GOES-R in combination with other data (if needed) through NESDIS Satellite Proving Ground efforts.
 - Proving ground activities include use of AMSR-2 data, use of EUMETSAT data, possible use of future Sentinel 3 data and other research satellites.
- Development, assessments and implementation recommendations through Joint Center for Satellite Data Assimilation

Other Satellite Programs

Jason-3 will provide global sea surface height measurements and continuity of a 20 year data record



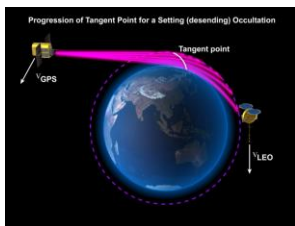
- Joint NOAA/NASA/EUMETSAT/CNES mission for operational satellite oceanography measurements
- Crucial to improvements in weather modeling and hurricane intensification
- Launch projected Mar 2015

Deep Space Climate Observatory (DSCOVR)



- Joint NOAA/NASA/DoD space weather program
- Will provide improvements in geomagnetic storm warnings necessary for National infrastructure protection
- NOAA funding refurbishment by NASA for space weather mission; Air Force funding launch vehicle and services
- NOAA will operate post-launch
- Launch projected Jan 2015

Other Satellite Programs



Constellation Observing System for Meteorology Ionosphere and Climate (COSMIC)-2

- Joint NOAA / DoD / UCAR / Taiwan (NSPO) mission for operational meteorological and space weather observations
- All weather, uniform coverage over oceans and land
- System will provide 8000+ worldwide soundings per day
- Planned 2 launches in different inclinations First launch will carry 6 satellites to 24 degree orbit, FY 2016.
- Second launch will carry 6 satellites to 72 degrees orbit, FY 2018

What is the Gap?

- The gap is the possibility of not having environmental satellite data coverage, in this case, global microwave and infrared sounder measurements in afternoon polar orbit. The imager data over Alaska is also a priority.
- The most vulnerable gap periods based on the JPSS current satellite acquisition schedule are:
 - 2016-2018 timeframe between S-NPP and JPSS-1
 - 2021-2025 timeframe between JPSS-1 and JPSS-2

Sandy Supplemental

\$111M was appropriated through Sandy Supplemental funding for JPSS gap mitigation (\$105M after sequestration)

All actions to be completed by 2016



Name	Budget (\$K)	Anticipated Completion
Observing System Experiment (OSE)	\$200	Sep 2015
Observing System Simulation Experiments (OSSEs)	\$3,300	Nov 2015
HPC Hardware augmentation for OSSEs	\$2,000	Sep 2014
DMSP Special Sensor Microwave Imager/Sounder (SSMIS)	\$100	Sep 2014
Assimilation of Cloud-Impacted Radiances, Quality Control, Observation Error and Surface Emissivity Formulations	\$2,510	Feb 2016
Atmospheric Motion Vectors	\$1,020	Feb 2016
Direct Readout Imagery from Other Satellites	\$1,720	May 2015
Aircraft Observations (Purchase and Assimilate Domestic and International Aircraft Observations)	\$9,000	May 2015
Targeted Observations for High Impact Events	\$9,000	Dec 2016
Geostationary Data (GOES-R and International Missions)	\$3,530	May 2015
4-Dimensional Data Assimilation	\$765	Feb 2016
Blends of Global Models	\$2,000	Nov 2015
Hurricane Forecast Improvement Project (HFIP)	\$10,066	One-time boost through FY2015
Research to Operations	\$3,634	One-time boost through FY2015
POES/METOP Data Continuity	\$17,425	One-time boost through FY2015
S-NPP Data Processing and Distribution	\$3,000	One-time boost through FY2015
Dual X/L-Band Direct Broadcast Receipt Sites over U.S. Areas of Interest	\$1,650	July 2016
Augmenting Research HPC resources and Software Engineering	\$15,000	Apr 2015
Operational HPC to accommodate data assimilation upgrades and observation enhancements	\$18,600	Feb 2014
HPC Software management and integration	\$930	Dec 2015
Total *Includes 5% reduction due to Sequestration	\$105,450 *	

Technology Roadmap Development

Inbox (3,915) - john.p.x nesdis-technology-roa x 12 National Oceanic and a x webTA: Login: com.th x Commerce - OCIO Sec x NSD: NOAA Staff Direc x

→ ↻ <https://sites.google.com/a/noaa.gov/nesdis-technology-roadmap/>

Technology Synopses Updated Apr 23, 2014, 8:00 AM john.pereira@noaa.gov [Take our survey!](#) [Share](#)

[Roadmap Introduction](#) [Strategic Drivers](#) [Evaluation Metrics](#) **[Technology Synopses](#)** [Infusion Concepts](#) [Technology Proposals](#)

[NESDIS Technology Roadmap](#) >

Technology Synopses

Synopses of Interesting Technology Projects

Discrete Components (ASPT Lead:) <ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Semiconductors▪ Microwave Components	Platforms (ASPT Lead:) <ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ JPSS▪ GOES-R▪ COSMIC-2▪ Earth Science Decadal Survey▪ Other NASA Missions▪ International▪ Commercial
Subsystem Components (ASPT Lead:) <ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Antennas▪ Lasers▪ LIDAR▪ Detectors/Receiver Subsystems▪ High Efficiency Coolers	Demonstrations (ASPT Lead:) <ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Airborne▪ Ground▪ Space-based
Sensor Systems (ASPT Lead:) <ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Active Microwave▪ Passive Microwave <---- Try ME!▪ Infrared▪ Active Optical▪ Passive Optical▪ Other Sensors	Launch Services (ASPT Lead:)
Bus Technology (ASPT Lead:) <ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Cubesat▪ Smallsat	Information Systems: (ASPT Lead: David Hermreck) <ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Observing System Simulation Experiments (OSSEs)▪ Data and Information Production▪ Data Collection and Handling▪ Search, Access, Analysis and Display▪ Systems Management

FY 2014 FY 2015 FY 2016 FY 2017 FY 2018 FY 2019 FY 2020 FY 2021 FY 2022

Risk Reduction

Development

Microwave
Sounder

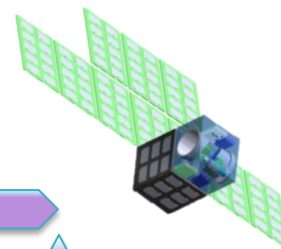
Validation

LRD

Transition

Operational

LRD



Study / Select

Risk Reduction

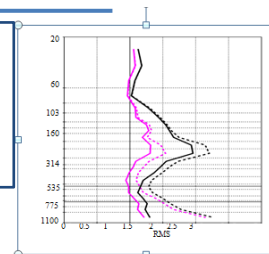
Infrared (IR)
Sounder

Development

LRD

Transition

Vertical Temperature
Profile Retrieval with MWIR
Sounder Only Slightly Less
Accurate than AIRS – J.
Susskind, NASA/GSFC



BAE Advanced, Miniature Dispersive
Infrared Spectrometer will
demonstrate capability for providing
temperature and humidity profiles.

NASA/ESTO Advanced Technology
Investment Programs

- IIP, ACT, AIST, InVEST
- NASA/OCT Innovative & Conceptual
- FFRDC, UARC Inter-Agency
- Inter-Agency (DOD) & International
Partnerships
- Commercial Opportunities

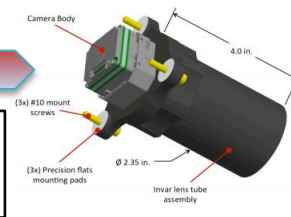
Study / Selection

Risk Reduction

Development

Visible / IR
Imager

Potential Technology Enabler
USAF Weather Satellite Follow-on Design Study
APL Passively Cooled Micro-bolometer

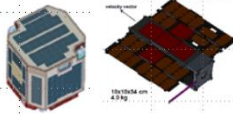
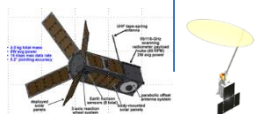


MicroMAS

SMAP

ARCS

MiRaTa



ATMS
(Flight)

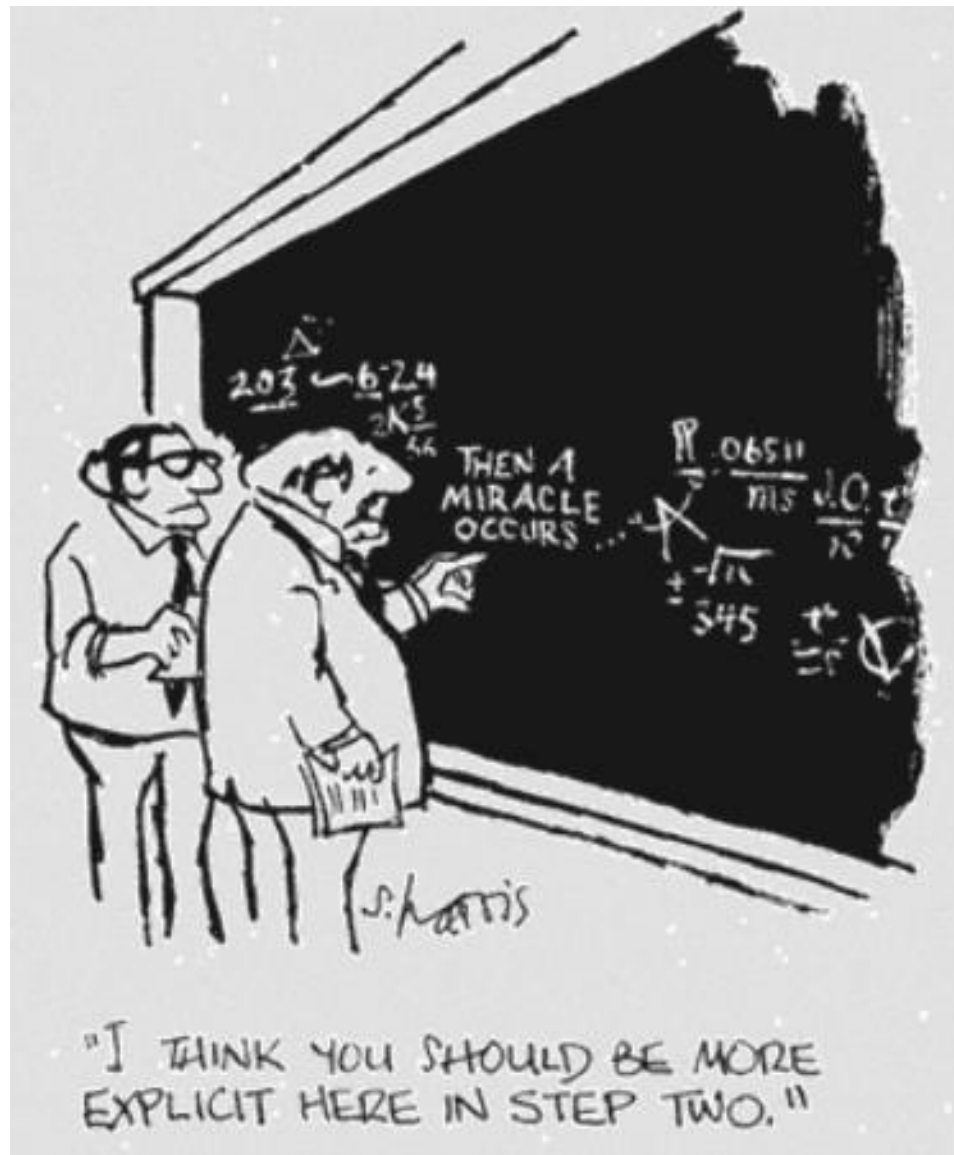
HyMAS
(Ground)

Leveraged Technologies
already demonstrated



Enabling Flight Technologies to be demonstrated

Wind Lidar Development



Funding Support to Wind Lidar Working Group

- \$10K to support CIRES activities as chair of the Working Group on Space-based Lidar Winds, including support for the fall 2014 meeting of the Working Group, to be held in Boulder or Washington
 - Additional funds for a spring 2015 meeting would need to be provided by NASA
- \$10K to support ADM-NOAA liaison and cal-val activities including interaction with the ADM Advisory Group and project personnel.
 - Support to CIRES travel to fall and spring meetings of the Aeolus Mission Advisory Group at ESTEC in Amsterdam.

4th Conference on the Transition of Research to Operations / 94th AMS Annual Meeting

Mon, Feb 3	Tue, Feb 4	Wed, Feb 5	Thu, Feb 6
9:00 am AMS Presidential Forum Thomas Murphy Ballroom	8:30 am Open Satellite Program Overviews and Status Location: Room C111	8:30 (6) Advances in Satellite Observations and Earth Science Room C302 Cochairs: Brian Mischel, I.M. Systems Group, Thomas Pagano, Jet Propulsion Laboratory	8:30 (5) Testbed Activities in Numerical Weather Prediction, Observations, Analysis, and Forecasting I Room C201 Cochairs: Trisha Palmer, NWS, John Pereira, NESDIS
Break 10:30 – 11:00 am	9:45 am Break (Poster Session)	10:00 am Break	9:45 am Break (Poster Session)
11:00 am Open	11:00 (4) R2O Pathway for Satellite Algorithms Room C111 Cochairs: Gary McWilliams, JPSS; John Pereira, NESDIS	10:30 (6) Technologies and Applications - From Research to Weather Prediction and Climate Assessment Room C302 Cochairs: Stephen Mango, NESDIS, Nicolas Powell, Raytheon	11:00 (4) Testbed Activities in Numerical Weather Prediction, Observations, Analysis, and Forecasting II Room C201 Cochairs: Adam Baker, NWS; John Pereira, NESDIS
12:00 – 1:30 Lunch	12:00 – 1:30 Lunch	12:15 – 1:15 Town Hall: NASA Earth Science on Status of NASA Missions in Pre-Formulation Room C302	12:00 – 1:30 Lunch
1:30 (4) Forecast Center Overviews: Developments in NOAA Operational or Experimental Modeling Systems Room C201 Cochairs: Trisha D. Palmer, NWS, and Andrew L. Molthan, NASA SPoRT	1:30 (6) Research to Operations: Building Requirements for Health - - Panel Session Room C213 Wendy Thomas, NWS	1:30 (4) Sensors and Methods: Research to Operations Enablers C302 Cochairs: Stephen Mango, NESDIS, Thomas Pagano, Jet Propulsion Laboratory	1:30 (6) Testbed Activities in Numerical Weather Prediction, Observations, Analysis, and Forecasting III Room C201 Cochairs: Adam Baker, NWS; John Pereira, NESDIS
2:30 Break (Poster Session)	3:00 pm Break	2:3- Break (Poster Session)	3:00 pm 95th AMS Planning Mtg
4:00 (6) Satellite Technology Advances Room C105 Cochairs: Randall Bass,,FAA, Gerald Dittberner, Harris Corporation; John Pereira, NESDIS; Kathleen Fontaine, NASA/GSFC	3:30 (8) Innovative Transition and Integration of New Observational Platforms and Modeling Technologies and Techniques Room C203 Cochairs: Kenneth Carey, Earth Resources Technology, Inc., Stephen Mango, NESDIS	4:00 (6) Operational and Research Organizations: Cornerstones for Successful R2O Transition Room C302 Cochairs: John Pereira, NESDIS, Chandra Kondragunta, NESDIS	3:30 (6) Testbed Activities in Numerical Weather Prediction, Observations, Analysis, and Forecasting IV Room C201 Cochairs: Brad Zadovsky, NASA / MSFC; John Pereira, NESDIS