

FORM TO SPECIFY INPUT DATA FOR SOUND-SPEED
PERTURBATION MODEL CBLOB2

An increase (or decrease) in sound speed in a localized region that decays in a Gaussian manner in all three spatial directions.

$$c^2(r, \theta, \phi) = c_o^2(r, \theta, \phi) \left(1 + \Delta \exp \left\{ - \left(\frac{z-z_o}{W_z} \right)^2 - \left(\frac{\theta-\theta_o}{W_\theta} \right)^2 - \left(\frac{\phi-\phi_o}{W_\phi} \right)^2 \right\} \right)$$

$c_o^2(r, \theta, \phi)$ is the square of the sound speed specified by a sound-speed model.

(r, θ, ϕ) are the coordinates of the ray point in an Earth-centered spherical polar-coordinate system. $\theta_o = \pi/2 - \lambda_o$ and $z = r - r_e$, where r_e is the Earth radius.

Specify--

the model check for subroutine CBLOB2 = 2.0 (W175)

the input data-format code = (W176)

an input data-set identification number = (W177)

an 80-character description for the sound-speed perturbation model, including description of parameter values:

the strength of the fractional increase (or decrease), Δ = (W178)

the height of maximum effect, z_o = km (W179)

the latitude of maximum effect, λ_o = rad, deg, km N (W180)

the longitude of maximum effect, ϕ_o = rad, deg, km E (W181)

the Gaussian width in height of the effect, W_z = km (W182)*

the meridional width of the effect, W_θ = rad, deg, km (W183)*

the zonal width of the effect, W_ϕ = rad, deg, km (W184)*

OTHER MODELS REQUIRED: none.

* Setting W_z , W_θ , or W_ϕ = zero results in no space variation in that direction.