## FORM TO SPECIFY INPUT DATA FOR TEMPERATURE MODEL TTANH6<sup>1</sup>

This model represents the temperature profile by a sequence of linear segments that are smoothly joined by hyperbolic functions. It is equivalent to the TTANH5 temperature model, except that this model uses a general subroutine FTANH to calculate the hyperbolic function profiles. The description of model TTANH5 applies to TTANH6.

$$T = T_0 + \frac{c_1}{2}(z - z_0) + \sum_{i=1}^n \delta_i \left(\frac{c_{i+1} - c_i}{2}\right) \ln \left\{\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{z - z_i}{\delta_i}\right)}{\cosh\left(\frac{z_i - z_0}{\delta_i}\right)}\right\} + \frac{c_{n+1}}{2}(z - z_0)$$

$$\frac{dT}{dz} = c_1 + \sum_{i=1}^n \left(\frac{c_{i+1} - c_i}{2}\right) \left\{\tanh\left(\frac{z - z_i}{\delta_i}\right) + 1\right\}$$

$$c_i = (T_i - T_{i-1})/(z_i - z_{i-1}).$$

 $z = r - r_e$ , where  $r_e$  is the Earth radius, and r is the radial coordinate of the ray point. Thus,  $\delta_i$  is the half-thickness of a region centered at approximately  $z_i$  km, in which dT/dz changes from  $c_i$  to  $c_{i+1}$ . Start by drawing a profile using linear segments and get  $T_i$  and  $z_i$  from the corners. Then select  $\delta_i$  to round the corners. The final profile will not go through  $(T_i, z_i)$ .

Specify-

the model check for $TTANH6 = $	8.0	(w200)
the input data-format code $=$		(w201
an input data-set identification number $=$ $_{-}$		(w202)
an 80-character description of the model wi	th parameters:	

and the pr	ofile val	ues:
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the number of points in the profile -2 = n = the profile:

i  $z_i$   $T_i$   $\delta_i$   $(\mathrm{km,m})$   $(\mathrm{Kelvin})$   $(\mathrm{km,m})$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>OTHER MODELS REQUIRED: Any temperature-perturbation model. Use NTEMP if no perturbations are desired. SUBROUTINE FTANH, SUBROUTINE GAMANG, and FUNCTION ALCOSH.